

# A/D Converter

## **MB4052**

4-Channel / 8-Bit

# DATASHEET

OEM – Fujitsu

Source: Fujitsu Databook 1983

**FUJITSU  
MICROELECTRONICS**

**MB4052**

**4-CHANNEL 8-BIT  
A/D CONVERTER**

**DESCRIPTION**

The Fujitsu MB4052 is an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) for general purpose which features four channels of analog inputs and 8-bit data length of digital output.

Analog input signal is converted to serial 8-bit digital data by the successive-approximation technique which provides high-speed conversion, i.e. many analog data

can be converted within a short time.

All digital I/O signals including control inputs are TTL level compatible so as to provide wide application such as in microprocessor-controlled system and so on. The MB4052 is packaged in a standard 16-pin dual in-line package.

**FEATURES**

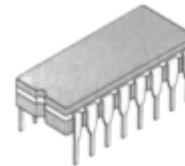
- Single Power Supply  
+3.5V to +6.0V or +8.0V to +18V (with Internal Regulator)
- Multiplex 4-Channel Analog Inputs
- Analog Input Voltage Ranges  
0 to  $1/2V_{CC1}$  (Standard mode: RS = 1)  
0 to  $1/8V_{CC1}$  (Contracted mode: RS = 0)  
0 to  $2V_{CC1}$  (Expanded mode: through built-in Divider)
- Analog Input Bias Current  
250nA Max.
- Resolution — 8 bits
- Linearity — 0.19% Max.
- Successive-Approximation Conversion  
100 $\mu$ s/ch Max. at  $f_{CLK} = 100$  kHz
- Radio-metric Conversion by Reference Voltage  $V_{CC1}$
- Serial Data Output (Open Collector)
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Digital I/O
- Power Consumption  
75mV Typ. at  $V_{CC1} = 5V$
- Standard 16-pin Dual In-line Package  
Plastic Package — General Use  
Ceramic Package — Precision Use

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

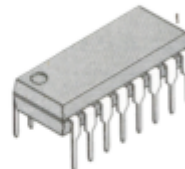
(All Voltages referenced to A.G/D.G)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC1}$	+7	V
	$V_{CC2}$	+20	V
Digital Input Voltage	$V_{ID}$	-0.5 to +20	V
Digital Output Voltage (Off-State)	$V_{OH}$	+20	V
Analog Input Voltage	$V_{IA}$	$V_{CC1} + 0.5$	V
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-35 to +90	°C
Storage Temperature	Ceramic	-55 to +150	°C
	Plastic	-40 to +125	

\*Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

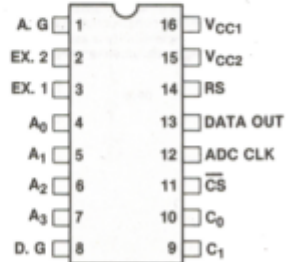


**CERAMIC PACKAGE  
DIP-16C-C02**



**PLASTIC PACKAGE  
DIP-16P-M02**

**PIN ASSIGNMENT**



MB4052

**ANALOG CIRCUIT CHARACTERISTICS FOR PLASTIC PACKAGE**

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Resolution		–	–	8	Bit	
Linearity Error ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V$ )		–	–	$\pm 0.5$	LSB	
Differential Linearity Error ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V$ )		–	–	$\pm 0.9$	LSB	
Zero Transition Voltage ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ )	Contracted Range	$V_{ZC}$	0	6	16	mV
	Standard Range	$V_{ZS}$	7	17	27	mV
	Expanded Range	$V_{ZE}$	22	62	102	mV
Full Scale Transition Voltage ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ )	Contracted range	$V_{FC}$	600	625	650	mV
	Standard Range	$V_{FS}$	2.475	2.500	2.525	V
	Expanded Range	$V_{FE}$	9.600	10.000	10.400	V
Comparator Input Current ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V$ )		$I_{IC}$	–	-100	-250	nA
Divider Input Resistance for Expanded Range		$R_{INE}$	5	10	15	k $\Omega$
Regulator Output Voltage ( $V_{CC2} = 8.0V$ to $18.0V$ )		$V_{OR}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Regulator Line Regulation ( $V_{CC2} = 8.0V$ to $18.0V$ )			–	4.0	–	mV/V
Regulator Load Regulation ( $V_{CC2} = 12V, 0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq -10mA$ )			–	0.5	–	mV/mA
Regulator Output Temperature Coefficient ( $V_{CC2} = 12V$ )			–	50	–	ppm/ $^\circ C$
Conversion Cycle Time ( $f_{CLK} = 100kHz$ )		$t_{CYC}$	–	–	100	$\mu s/ch$

A minus sign (–) prefixed to a current value indicates that the current flows from the IC to the external circuit.

**MB4052****ANALOG CIRCUIT CHARACTERISTICS FOR CERAMIC PACKAGE**

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Resolution		–	–	8	Bit	
Linearity Error ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V$ )		–	–	$\pm 0.4$	LSB	
Differential Linearity Error ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V$ )		–	–	$\pm 0.8$	LSB	
Zero Transition Voltage ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ )	Contracted Range	$V_{ZC}$	0	6	16	mV
	Standard Range	$V_{ZS}$	7	17	27	mV
	Expanded Range	$V_{ZE}$	22	62	102	mV
Full Scale Transition Voltage ( $V_{CC1} = 5.000V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ )	Contracted Range	$V_{FC}$	610	625	640	mV
	Standard Range	$V_{FS}$	2.480	2.500	2.520	V
	Expanded Range	$V_{FE}$	9.760	10.000	10.240	V
Comparator Input Current	$I_{IC}$	–	–100	–250	nA	
Divider Input Resistance for Expand Range	$R_{INE}$	5	10	15	k $\Omega$	
Regulator Output Voltage ( $V_{CC2} = 8.0V$ to $18.0V$ )	$V_{OR}$	4.75	5.0	5.5	V	
Regulator Line Regulation ( $V_{CC2} = 8.0V$ to $18.0V$ )		–	4.0	–	mV/V	
Regulator Load Regulation ( $V_{CC2} = 12V, 0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq -10mA$ )		–	0.5	–	mV/mA	
Regulator Output Temperature Coefficient ( $V_{CC2} = 12V$ )		–	50	–	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
Conversion Cycle Time ( $f_{CLK} = 100kHz$ )	$t_{CYC}$	–	–	100	$\mu s/ch$	

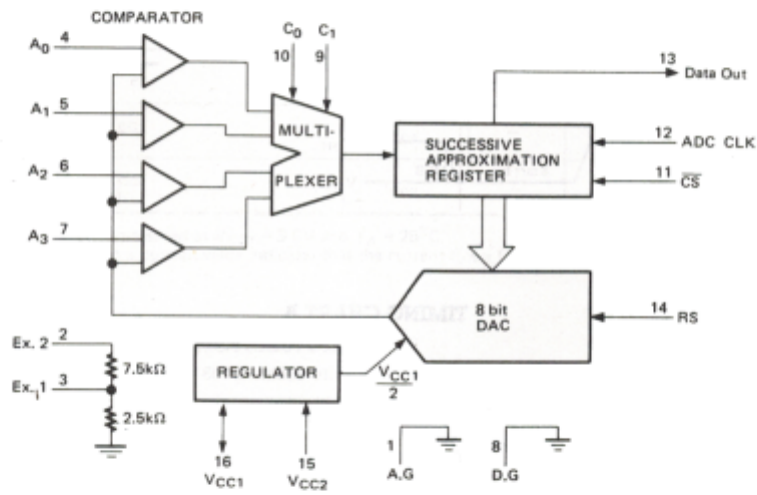
A minus sign (–) prefixed to a current value indicates that the current flows from the IC to the external circuit.

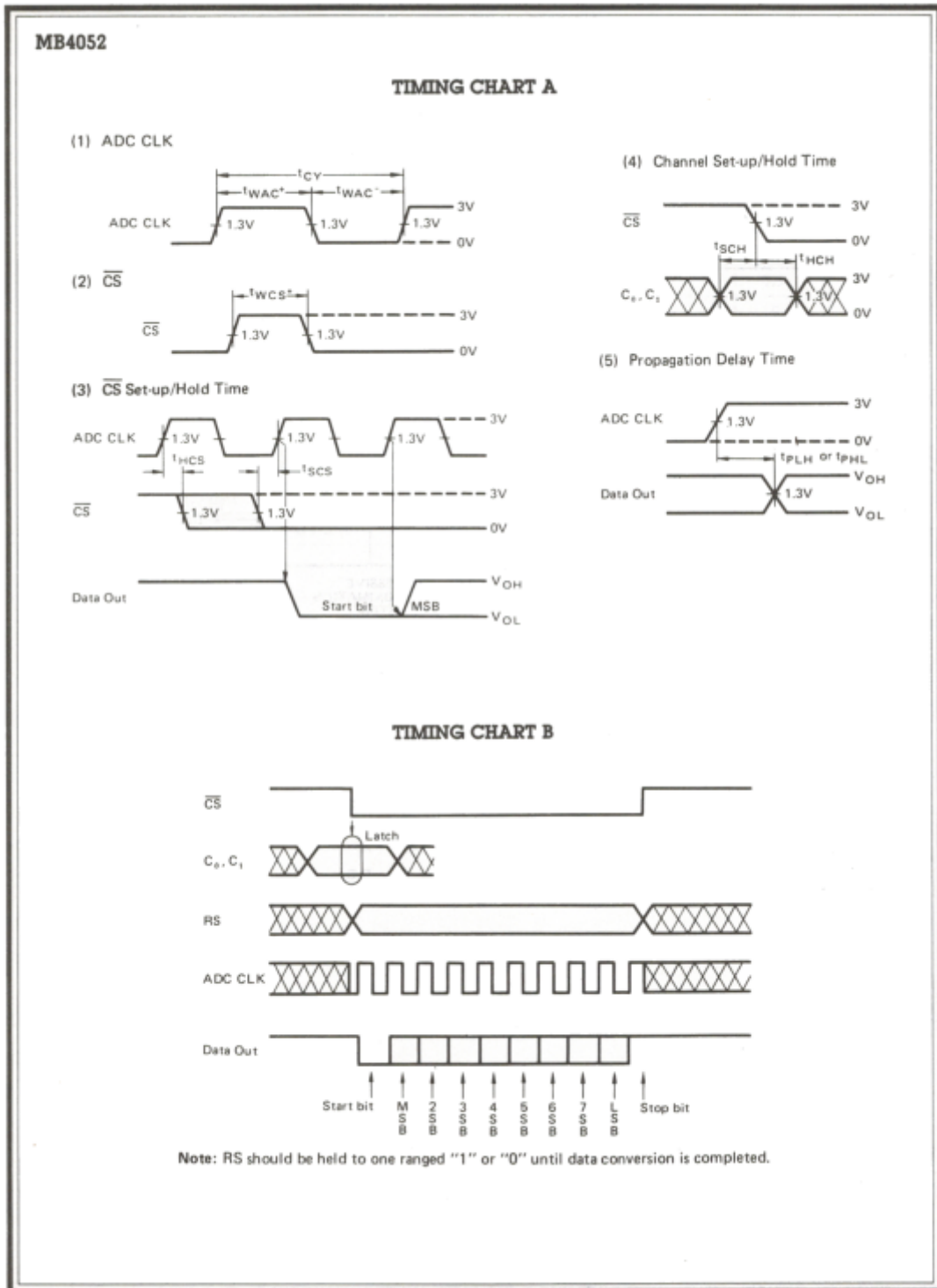
MB4052

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS** ( $T_A = -30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC1}$	3.5	5.0	6.0	V
	$V_{CC2}$	8.0	12.0	18.0	V
Digital Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.0	—	—	V
Digital Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$	—	—	0.8	V
Digital Output Low Current	$I_{OL}$	—	—	8	mA

**MB4052 BLOCK DIAGRAM**







MB4052

**DIGITAL CIRCUIT DC CHARACTERISTICS**(V<sub>CC1</sub> = V<sub>CC2</sub> = 3.5V to 6.0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -30°C to +85°C unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input Clamp Voltage (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 3.5V, I <sub>IL</sub> = -18mA)	V <sub>IC</sub>	-	-	-1.5	V
Output High Current (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 3.5V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.0V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 20V)	I <sub>OH</sub>	-	-	100	μA
Output Low Voltage (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 3.5V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.0V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 4mA)	V <sub>OL1</sub>	-	-	0.4	V
Output Low Voltage (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 3.5V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.0V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA)	V <sub>OL2</sub>	-	-	0.5	V
Input High Current (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 6.0V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.7V)	I <sub>IH1</sub>	-	-	20	μA
Input High Current (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 6.0V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 20V)	I <sub>IH2</sub>	-	-	100	μA
Input Low Current (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 6.0V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.4V)	I <sub>IL</sub>	-	-50	-150	μA
Power Supply Current for V <sub>CC1</sub> (V <sub>CC1</sub> = 6.0V)	I <sub>CC1</sub>	-	15*	30	mA
Power Supply Current for V <sub>CC2</sub> (V <sub>CC2</sub> = 20V, V <sub>CC1</sub> = Open)	I <sub>CC2</sub>	-	15	25	mA

\*Note: This typical value is measured at V<sub>CC1</sub> = 5.0V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

A minus sign (-) prefixed to a current value indicates that the current flows from the IC to the external circuit.

**DIGITAL CIRCUIT AC CHARACTERISTICS**(V<sub>CC1</sub> = 3.5V to 6.0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -30°C to +85°C unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
ADC CLK Cycle Time	t <sub>CY</sub>	10	-	-	μs
ADC CLK H level Pulse Width	t <sub>WAC</sub> <sup>+</sup>	2.5	-	-	μs
ADC CLK L level Pulse Width	t <sub>WAC</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.5	-	-	μs
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ H level Pulse Width	t <sub>WCS</sub> <sup>+</sup>	1.5	-	-	μs
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Set-up Time	t <sub>SCS</sub>	1	-	-	μs
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time	t <sub>HCS</sub>	1	-	-	μs
Channel Set-up Time	t <sub>SCH</sub>	0	-	-	μs
Channel Hold Time	t <sub>HCH</sub>	1	-	-	μs
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	800	2,000	ns

See TIMING CHART A

**MB4052****PIN DESCRIPTIONS****INPUT FOR VOLTAGE RANGE EXPANSION (EX 2), PIN 2**

This input pin is provided to expand the voltage range of analog input signal.

This input pin is connected to the internal one-to-four voltage divider which reduces an analog signal level to one fourth of input level.

**OUTPUT FOR VOLTAGE RANGE EXPANSION (EX 1), PIN 3**

This output pin is provided to expand the allowable analog input level in co-operation with the above EX 2 pin.

A reduced signal which is divided in the internal divider is output on this pin.

This output pin can be connected to any of standard analog inputs  $A_0$ ,  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$  or  $A_3$  so that the EX 2 pin can function as one of 4-channel inputs.

**ANALOG INPUTS ( $A_0$  TO  $A_3$ ), PINS 4, 5, 6 AND 7**

These input pins are provided to receive four channels of analog inputs.

One of these four channels is selected by a combination of  $C_0$  and  $C_1$  inputs.

**CHANNEL SELECT ( $C_1$  AND  $C_0$ ), PINS 9 AND 10**

These control inputs are used to designate one of four analog inputs as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 CHANNEL SELECTION

$C_1$	$C_0$	Channel
0	0	$A_0$
0	1	$A_1$
1	0	$A_2$
1	1	$A_3$

**CHIP SELECT ( $\overline{CS}$ ), PIN 11**

This control input pin is used to start analog-to-digital conversion.

When  $\overline{CS}$  goes low, the A/D conversion start and the DATA OUT output is enabled.

When an A/D conversion is completed or termination of conversion is required,  $\overline{CS}$  is made high.

**A/D CONVERSION CLOCK (ADC CLK), PIN 12**

This clock signal is input to the internal successive approximation register and used as timing signal for A/D conversion.

The conversion speed of this device is determined by this clock rate.

Ten clock cycles are required for a complete 8-bit conversion.

A precise cycle time is not always required for this clock signal.

**DATA OUTPUT (DATA OUT), PIN 13**

This output pin is provided to output the A/D conversion results as digital signals.

The converted digital data are serially output in the order of start-bit, MSB (Most Significant Bit), 2SB (Second Significant Bit), . . . , 7SB, LSB (Least Significant Bit) and stop-bit in synchronization with the ADC CLK clock signal.

**RANGE SELECT (RS), PIN 14**

This control input is provided to select an analog input voltage range as shown in Table 2.

This input must not be changed during an A/D conversion.

Table 2 RANGE SELECTION

RS	Voltage Range
0	0 to $1/8 V_{CC1}$
1	0 to $1/2 V_{CC1}$

**ANALOG GROUND (A.G) AND DIGITAL GROUND (D.G), PINS 1 AND 8**

These are terminals for ground.

The analog circuitry and digital circuitry have separate ground terminals, respectively.

**POWER SUPPLIES ( $V_{CC2}$  AND  $V_{CC1}$ ), PINS 15 AND 16**

When the device operates within a voltage range of 3.5V to 6.0V, the power source is connected to  $V_{CC1}$  which is shorted to  $V_{CC2}$ .

When the device operates within a voltage range of 8V to 18V, the power source is connected to  $V_{CC2}$ .

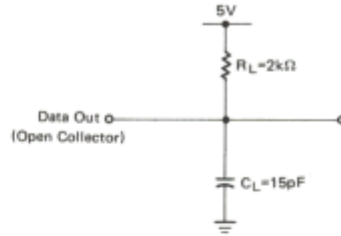
In this high voltage operation mode, the  $V_{CC1}$  pin is used as an output pin which supplies +5V stabilized voltage and 10mA load current and the supplied voltage is regulated in the internal voltage regulator.

$V_{CC1}$  is used as the reference voltage of A/D conversion.



MB4052

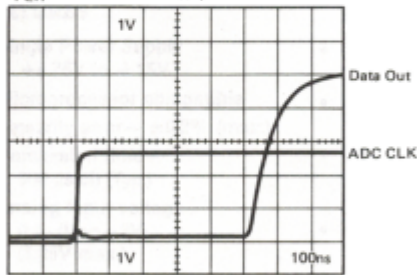
**LOAD CONDITIONS**



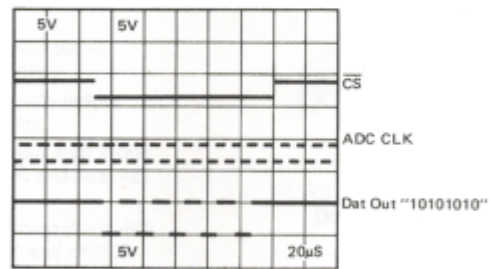
**OPERATION EXAMPLE**

**1. Propagation Delay**

$t_{PLH}$  (Data Out "L" → "H")



**2. Conversion**



Condition  
 $f_{CLK} = 100kHz$   
 $V_{CC1} = 5V$   
 Standard Range  
 $V_{IA} \div 1663 mV$

$t_{PHL}$  (Data Out "H" → "L")

